# HOW TO MEASURE A Door Cylinder 

## Handed Cylinders



Internal Size
Measure from inside face to centre of screw-hole


External Size Measure from centre of screw-hole to outside face


Overall Size
If Overall $=$ Internal + External then order $\mathbf{3 5} / \mathbf{4 5}$ ( 80 mm )

## Further Advice

- Only use one way round - handed cylinders have security features on one side, so it's vital to order correctly. Write cylinder size with internal side first and external side second.
- Cylinders shouldn't stick out - if the cylinder your measuring extended more than 5 mm on either side then subtract 5 mm from that side. This is especially important on outside.
- Extra keys - these are bespoke items and therefore nonrefundable. So follow the measurement guide carefully and call if you need help.

Note: Another common way to measure is from left to nearside of cam space and from far side of cam space to right. This would describe the above cylinder as $30-10-40$, where the 10 represents the 10 mm cam space in the middle. To convert to our sizes just ignore the 10 and add 5 to first and last numbers.

Thumbturn Cylinders


Thumb Side Size
Measure from face of thumb
side to centre of screw-hole


Key Side Size
Measure from centre of screw-hole to face of key side


Overall Size
If Overall $=$ Thumb + Key then order 35 (Thumb) / 45 (Key)

## Further Advice

- Thumbturn side first - size of these cylinders is described with internal (thumb) side first and then external (key) side. Do not include the knob in your measurement.
- Cylinders shouldn't stick out - if the cylinder your measuring extended more than 5 mm on either side then subtract 5 mm from that side. This is especially important on outside.
- Extra keys - these are bespoke items and therefore nonrefundable. So follow the measurement guide carefully and call if you need help.

Note: Another measurement method excludes the 10 mm cam space near middle of cylinder. Measuring this way would describe the above as $30-10-40$, some methods also include a letter $T$ to denote the thumbturn and may provide it after the key side! Be sure to measure as we describe above.

## Non-handed Cylinders



Short Side
Measure from end to centre of screw-hole on the short side


Long Side
Measure from screw-hole centre to end on long side


Overall Size
If Overall = Short + Long then order $35 / 45(80 \mathrm{~mm})$.

## Further Advice

- Can use either way round - non-handed cylinders have security on both ends, so can be used either way round. We describe their size with short side first. A $35 / 45$ ( 80 mm ) non-handed cylinder can be used with the 35 mm on the inside or outside.
- Cylinders shouldn't stick out - if the cylinder your measuring extended more than 5 mm on either side then subtract 5 mm from that side. This is especially important on outside.
- Extra keys - these are bespoke items and therefore nonrefundable. So follow the measurement guide carefully and call if you need help.

Note: Another common way to measure is from left to nearside of cam space and from far side of cam space to right. This would describe the above cylinder as 30-10-40, where the 10 represents the 10 mm cam space in the middle. To convert to our sizes just ignore the 10 and add 5 to first and last numbers.

## Half Cylinders



External Size
Measure from key face of cylinder to cam space cutout.


Cam Space
Cam space always measures
10 mm , and blank end 5 mm .


Overall Size
Equals External Size + Cam Space + Blank End

Common Questions

- How is the size of half cylinders written?

Write the size as external measurement, followed by 10 , which represents the cam space,
followed by overall size, which is the sum of external size, plus cam space, plus blank end.
The example above would be written as $\mathbf{3 0} / \mathbf{1 0}$ ( $\mathbf{4 5 m m}$ ).

- What if my cylinder sticks out?

If measuring an existing cylinder that sticks out on the outside, then consider subtracting the amount of overhand from your measurement, so that the cylinder finishes more flush.

